

# SAMOA'S FINANCIAL INCLUSION REPORT

December 2020

# **Acknowledgements**

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#### Overview

The Central Bank of Samoa (CBS) is mandated to promote financial inclusion and financial literacy in Samoa under the CBS Act 2015. With the support of the Pacific Islands Regional Initiative (PIRI) of the Alliance for Financial Inclusion (AFI) and the Pacific Financial Inclusion Programme (PFIP), the CBS works to improve many facets of the financial system so that it is inclusive<sup>1</sup>. One area that is of great importance is financial inclusion data so that policy designs are based on evidence, from setting targets, identifying barriers, tracking national progress and assessing the effectiveness of the policy decisions.

The information and data provided below are obtained through information provided by local commercial banks and other financial institutions (the supply side data). Some data were also gathered from demand side surveys (DSS).

The Central Bank of Samoa presents its 12<sup>th</sup> semi-annual bulletin on financial inclusion data for the period as of 31<sup>st</sup> December 2020.

# **Summary of Findings**

1. All of the Financial Access Points have increased during the semi-annual period except for Number of Bank Branches which have decreased by 8 percent.

Overall, the total cash-in and cash-out access points<sup>2</sup> have increased by 6.9% (from 174 in June 2020 to 186 in December 2020). This increase was mainly due to increase in number of banking agents and mobile money agents. (Refer to Table 1 and Figure 1)

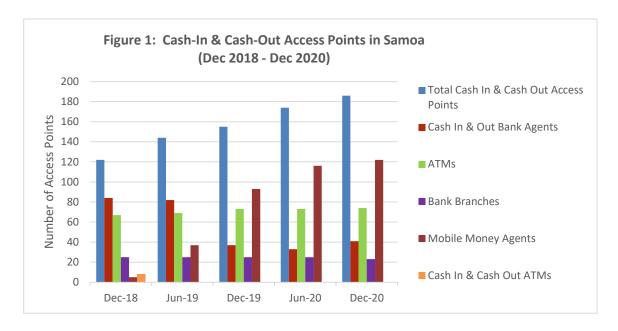
For the period under review, mobile money service providers continues to expand their agent network with six additional agents (from 116 in June 2020 to 122 in December 2020) while the number of banking agents also increased by 24.2% (from 33 in June 2020 to 41 in December 2020). Furthermore, the number of ATMs and number of EFTPOS have also increased by 1.4% and 8% respectively. However, the total number of bank branches have decreased due to closure of ANZ Bank branch at Vaitele and Kiosk at the Faleolo International airport. (Refer to Table 1 and Figure 1)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Central Bank of Samoa vision for an inclusive financial system is a sound financial system that best serves all members of society in their pursuit of economic prosperity through a state in which all people who can use them have effective access and satisfactory usage of a full suite of quality financial services from a range of service providers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total of 'bank branches', 'Cash-in and Cash-out ATMs', 'Cash-in and Cash-out bank agents' and 'Mobile Money Agents'

Table 1: Number of Access Points for periods Jun 2020 – Dec 2020

Financial Services Access Points	Jun 2020	Dec 2020	Variance	% change
Total All Cash-in & Cash-out Access Points	174	186	12	6.9%
Number of Bank Branches	25	23	-2	-8%
Number of ATMs	73	74	1	1.4%
Number of Cash-in & Cash-out Bank Agents	33	41	8	24.2%
Number of Mobile Money Agents	116	122	6	5.2%
Number of EFTPOS Outlets	590	637	47	8%



When using the Financial Inclusion Indicators<sup>3</sup> and comparing to number of adult population, this is equivalent to having 1.48 cash-in and cash-out access point per 1,000 adults<sup>4</sup> (refer to table 2). This is also equivalent to having one cash-in and cash-out access point to serve around three villages (with average number of 358 people per village<sup>5</sup>).

Table 2: Financial Inclusion Indicators for Samoa for Previous Five Bi-Annual Periods

Financial Inclusion Indicators	Dec 2018	Jun 2019	Dec 2019	Jun 2020	Dec 2020
Adult Population (15+ years) <sup>6</sup>	123,212	124,247	124,247	125,282	125,282
No. of cash-in & cash-out access points per 1000 adults	0.99	1.16	1.25	1.39	1.48
No. of bank branches per 1000 adults	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.18
No. of all ATMs per 1000 adults	0.54	0.56	0.59	0.58	0.59
No. of EFTPOS terminals per 1000 adults	5.14	5.19	5.26	4.71	5.08
No. of Cash-In & Cash-Out Bank Agents per 1000 adults	0.68	0.66	0.30	0.26	0.33
No. of Mobile Money Agents per 1000 adults	0.04	0.30	0.75	0.93	0.97

Note: For full suite of Financial Inclusion Indicators, go to Annex 2 on pages 7 - 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Refer to Annex 2 on pages 6-11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Adults are people with 15+ years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Source: Samoa Bureau of Statistics: Samoa Population and Housing Census 2016; <a href="http://www.sbs.gov.ws">http://www.sbs.gov.ws</a>

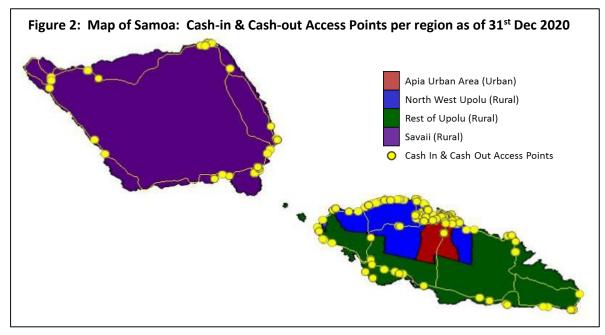
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Source: Samoa Bureau of Statistics: Samoa Population and Housing Census 2016; <a href="http://www.sbs.gov.ws">http://www.sbs.gov.ws</a>: For 2016; Actuals from Population and Housing Census Analytical Report, 2016 (total adult population of 15+ years); for 2017 onwards; Estimates from Population and Housing Census Analytical Report, 2016 (total adult population of 15+ years is based on annual growth rate of 0.85 percent)

#### 2. The Cash-in & Cash-out Access Points are mostly located at the Apia Urban Area.

In distributing the cash-in and cash-out access points by region for this period, 32% are located in Apia Urban Area (AUA)<sup>7</sup>, 29% in North West Upolu (NWU), 22% in Savaii (SAV) and 18% in Rest of Upolu (ROU) region.

With regards to the number of mobile money (MM) agents, 35% are located in AUA region, 30% at NWU, 20% in SAV and ROU region with the least number of MM agents of 15%. Furthermore, the AUA region still dominates with the majority number of EFTPOS terminals (66%) and ATM machines (62%). However, most of the cash-in and cash-out bank agents are located in the NWU region.

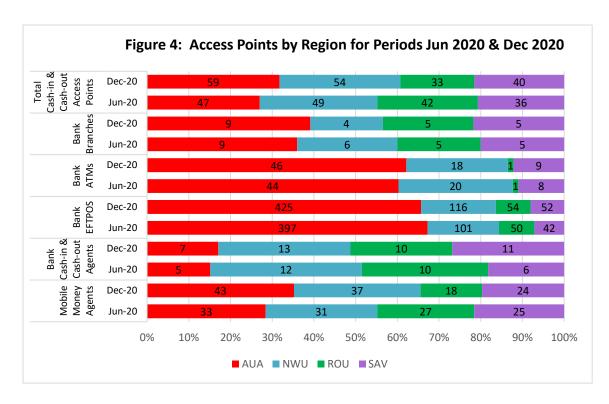
(Refer to Figure 3 and 4 below)



Note: For more Financial Inclusion Access Points mapping, go the annex 3 on pages 13 & 14

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The regions are divided based on Samoa Bureau of Statistics reports. AUA region is the urban area and all the other regions; NWU, ROU and Savaii are regarded as rural areas. Source: Samoa Bureau of Statistics: Samoa Population and Housing Census 2016; <a href="http://www.sbs.gov.ws">http://www.sbs.gov.ws</a>



Using the Financial Inclusion indicators, the AUA region has the highest number of cash-in and cash-out points per 1000 adults with 2.35 (also equivalent to 235 access points per 100,000 adults) while ROU region has the least with 1.16 cash-in and cash-out access point serving 1000 adults (equivalent to 116 access points per 100,000 adults). (Refer to table 3)

Table 3: PIRI Financial Inclusion Indicators per Region for period June 2020

Financial Inclusion Indicators	AUA	NWU	ROU	SAV
Adult Population (15+ years)	25,099	44,564	28,537	27,082
No. of cash-in & cash-out access points per 1000 adults	2.35	1.21	1.16	1.48
No. of branches per 1000 adults	0.36	0.09	0.18	0.18
No. of all ATMs per 1000 adults	1.83	0.40	0.04	0.33
No. of EFTPOS outlets per 1000 adults	16.93	2.60	1.89	1.92
No. of Cash-In & Cash-Out Bank Agents per 1000 adults	0.28	0.29	0.35	0.41
No. of Mobile Money Agent per 1000 adults	1.71	0.83	0.63	0.89

Note: For full suite of Financial Inclusion Indicators, go to Annex 2 on pages 7 - 12

### Annex 1

## **Definition Notes for the Measurement Framework**

Access points are defined as regulated cash-in and cash-out points. This includes traditional bank branches, cash-in and cash-out ATMs, cash-in and cash-out bank agents and mobile financial service cash-in and cash-out points, and other offices of regulated entities (such as MFIs) that perform cash in and cash out functions.

Active - a financial product is understood to be active if it has been used in the past 90 days.

**Adults** refer to the population aged 15 years and older.

**Agent** - any third party acting on behalf of a bank or other financial services provider (including an emoney issuer or distributor) to deal directly with customers. This includes retailers that perform mobile financial services and cash-in and cash-out services.

**ATM (Automatic Teller Machine)** - An electronic banking outlet that allows customers to complete basic transactions without the aid of a branch representative or teller. There are two primary types of automated teller machines, or ATMs. The basic units allow the customer to only withdraw cash and receive a report of the account's balance. The more complex machines will accept deposits, facilitate credit card payments and report account information.

A **bank branch** is a retail location different than a bank's corporate office where a financial institution offers face-to-face and automated services.

**Cash-in (or Cash deposit)** is the exchange of cash for electronic value.

**Cash-out (or Cash withdrawal)** is the exchange of electronic value for cash.

**Document**— in this case we refer to the identification documents that are required to open an account, and not the forms that must be filled out. In the Pacific, this often includes a driver's license, passport, or birth certificate, among other documents.

**E-money** (also called mobile money) — A type of monetary value electronically recorded and generally understood to have the following attributes: (i) issued upon receipt of funds in an amount no lesser in value than the value of the e-money issued; (ii) stored on an electronic device (e.g. a chip, prepaid card, mobile phone, or computer system); (iii) accepted as a means of payment by parties other than the issuer; and (iv) convertible into cash. This does not include the transfer of airtime.

**EFTPOS** access point is an access point possessing a terminal which captures payment information by electronic means using a card-reading electronic point of sale device. Payments and withdrawals of cash by means of payment cards can be done at these electronic payment terminals in shops, for example.

**Mobile banking** is the use of a mobile phone to access banking services and execute financial transactions. This covers both transactional and non-transactional services, such as viewing financial information on a bank customer's mobile phone.

**Mobile financial services (MFS)** is the use of a mobile phone to access financial services and execute financial transactions. This includes both transactional and non-transactional services, such as viewing financial information on a user's mobile phone.

**Mobile financial services account** is the storage of e-money linked to a mobile account and a bank account. This is the account in a bank-led model of mobile financial services.

**Mobile financial services access points**— access points that also allow for cash in and cash out of mobile money into and out of mobile wallets or a MFS accounts. This is a subset of all access points.

**Mobile payment**— a payment with electronic funds transfer that is made with a mobile phone.

**Mobile wallet**— the storage of e-money that can be loaded or cashed out, but that can be held only in a mobile linked account and not customer bank account. This is the account in a mobile network operator (MNO)-led model of mobile financial services.

A **regulated deposit** or **credit** account is an account held by a regulated entity.

#### Annex 2

#### FINANCIAL INCLUSION INDICATORS

The Central Bank of Samoa has adapted the PIRI Financial Inclusion Measurement Framework as the basis for financial inclusion measurement in the country. The measurement framework takes the AFI Core Set<sup>8</sup> of Indicators as the foundation and builds into it, indicators that measure the topics of policy relevance and interest to the region and country specifics. And importantly, the indicators reflect member country's Maya Declaration<sup>9</sup> Commitments, so that countries can measure progress against their commitments.

# Key dimensions of the Measurement Framework: Access and Usage

The PIRI core set of financial inclusion indicators addresses the three basic dimensions of financial inclusion: access, usage and quality of financial services. "Access" refers to the ability to use the services and products offered by formal financial institutions. "Usage" refers to the depth or extent of financial services and product use. Determining usage requires gathering details about the regularity, frequency and duration of use over time. Data on these dimensions is usually obtained through information provided by local commercial banks and other financial institutions, the supply side. Some elements of usage are gathered from demand side surveys (DSS) too.

The quality dimension, while important, is a more complex topic both conceptually and in terms of measurement, typically requiring DSS and the use of qualitative indicators. The Central Bank has yet to track and monitor the qualitative use of financial services.

The indicators as of June 2017 are shown in Table 3 below<sup>10</sup>. Note that this is not the complete measurement framework rather the only available indicators that can be informed to date from supply side and demand side data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The AFI Core Set of Indicators was compiled by the AFI Financial Inclusion Data Working Group (FIDWG) for AFI member countries to report on. It is a limited set of quantitative indicators that captures the status of financial inclusion in a country. The indicators are meant to measure the most basic and fundamental aspects of financial inclusion in a way that is as standardised as possible while remaining relevant to individual countries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The Maya Declaration was created at the 2011 AFI Global Policy Forum held in Mexico. Under the Maya Declaration platform AFI member countries voluntarily make commitments to promote financial inclusion and these commitments vary by scale and policy solution. They are defined and driven by AFI members themselves, which provides a unique and powerful incentive to meet their targets.

 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  The indicators for previous bi-annual report of June 2016 are also shown in Table 1 for comparison.

Table 4: AFI/PIRI Financial Inclusion Indicators for Samoa

Financial Inclusion Indicators	Dec-2018	Jun-2019	Dec-2019	Jun-2020	Dec-2020	Indicator
Adult population <sup>11</sup>	123,212	124,247	124,247	125,282	125,282	General
Adult Population by region - AUA	24,685	24,892	24,892	25,099	25,099	General
Adult Population by region - NWU	43,828	44,196	44,196	44,564	44,564	General
Adult Population by region - ROU	28,065	28,301	28,301	28,301	28,301	General
Adult Population by region - SAV	26,634	26,858	26,858	27,082	27,082	General
Land area in square kilometers	2,830	2,830	2,830	2,830	2,830	General
Number of bank branches	25	25	25	25	23	General
Number of bank branches per region - AUA	9	9	9	9	9	General
Number of bank branches per region - NWU	6	6	6	6	4	General
Number of bank branches per region - ROU	5	5	5	5	5	General
Number of bank branches per region - SAV	5	5	5	5	5	General
Number of ATMs	67	69	73	73	74	General
Number of ATMs per region - AUA	41	42	44	44	46	General
Number of ATMs per region - NWU	18	19	20	20	18	General
Number of ATMs per region - ROU	1	1	1	1	1	General
Number of ATMs per region - SAV	7	7	8	8	9	General

Source: Samoa Bureau of Statistics: Samoa Population and Housing Census 2011 & 2016; <a href="http://www.sbs.gov.ws">http://www.sbs.gov.ws</a>: For 2015; Population and Housing Census Analytical Report, 2011 (total adult population of 15+ years); for 2017; Population and Housing Census Analytical Report, 2016 (total adult population of 15+ years); for 2017; Population and Housing Census Analytical Report, 2016 (total adult population of 15+ years) is based on annual growth rate of 0.85 percent)

Number of EFTPOS outlets	633	645	654	590	637	General
Number of POS outlets per region - AUA	411	419	429	397	425	General
Number of POS outlets per region - NWU	108	113	107	101	116	General
Number of POS outlets per region - ROU	66	69	66	50	54	General
Number of POS outlets per region - SAV	48	46	52	42	52	General
Number of Cash In and Cash Out Bank Agents	84	82	37	33	41	General
Number of Cash In & Cash out Agents per region - AUA	27	27	6	5	7	General
Number of Cash In & Cash out Agents per region - NWU	17	17	8	12	13	General
Number of Cash In & Cash out Agents per region - ROU	19	17	13	10	10	General
Number of Cash In & Cash out Agents per region - SAV	21	21	10	6	11	General
Number of Mobile Money Agents	5	37	93	116	122	General
Number of Cash In & Cash out Agents per region - AUA	n/a	n/a	n/a	33	43	General
Number of Cash In & Cash out Agents per region – NWU	n/a	n/a	n/a	31	37	General
Number of Cash In & Cash out Agents per region - ROU	n/a	n/a	n/a	27	18	General
Number of Cash In & Cash out Agents per region - SAV	n/a	n/a	n/a	25	24	General
1.1. Number of cash-in and cash-out access points per 10,000 adults at the national level.	9.90	11.59	12.48	13.89	14.85	AFI
1.1a Number of cash-in and cash-out access points per 10,000 adults - AUA region	16.61	14.46	6.03	18.73	23.51	
1.1b Number of cash-in and cash-out access points per 10,000 adults - NWUregion	5.70	5.20	3.17	11.00	12.12	

1.1c Number of cash-in and cash-out access points per 10,000 adults -	0.55		6.26	44.70	11.56	
ROU region	8.55	7.77	6.36	14.72	11.56	
1.1d Number of cash-in and cash-out access points per 10,000 adults - SAV region	10.14	9.68	5.58	13.30	14.77	
1.2. Number of branches per 10,000 adults nationally	2.06	2.01	2.01	2.00	1.84	AFI
1.2a Number of branches per 10,000 adults - AUA region	3.65	3.62	3.62	3.59	3.58	
1.2b Number of branches per 10,000 adults - NWU region	1.37	1.36	1.36	1.35	0.90	
1.2c Number of branches per 10,000 adults - ROU region	1.43	1.77	1.77	1.75	1.75	
1.2d Number of branches per 10,000 adults - SAV region	1.88	1.86	1.86	1.85	1.85	
1.3. Number of ATMs per 10,000 adults nationally	4.79	5.55	5.88	5.83	5.91	AFI
1.3a Number of ATMs per 10,000 adults - AUA region	16.61	16.87	17.68	17.53	18.33	
1.3b Number of ATMs per 10,000 adults - NWU region	4.11	4.29	4.53	4.49	4.04	
1.3c Number of ATMs per 10,000 adults - ROU region	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	
1.3d Number of ATMs per 10,000 adults - SAV region	2.63	260	2.98	2.95	332	
1.4. Number of EFTPOS per 10,000 adults nationally	51.37	51.91	52.64	47.09	50.85	AFI
1.4a Number of EFTPOS per 10,000 adults - AUA region	166.50	168.32	172.34	158.17	169.33	
1.4b Number of EFTPOS per 10,000 adults - NWU region	24.64	25.57	24.21	22.66	26.03	
1.4c Number of EFTPOS per 10,000 adults - ROU region	23.52	24.38	23.32	17.52	18.92	
1.4d Number of EFTPOS per 10,000 adults - SAV region	18.02	17.13	19.36	15.51	19.20	
1.5. Number of Agents per 10,000 adults nationally	7.22	9.58	10.46	11.89	13.01	AFI
1.5a Number of Agents per 10,000 adults - AUA region	10.94	10.85	2.41	15.14	19.92	
1.5b Number of Agents per 10,000 adults - NWU region	3.88	3.85	1.81	9.65	11.22	
1.5c Number of Agents per 10,000 adults - ROU region	6.77	6.00	4.59	12.97	9.81	

1.5d Number of Agents per 10,000 adults - SAV region	7.88	7.82	3.72	11.45	12.92	
2.3 Coverage of cash in and cash out access points per 1,000 km <sup>2</sup>	43.11	50.88	54.77	61.48	65.72	AFI
• Number of Branches per 1,000 km <sup>2</sup>	8.83	8.83	8.83	8.83	8.13	AFI
• Number of ATMs per 1,000 km²	20.85	24.38	25.80	25.80	26.15	AFI
• Number of EFTPOS per 1,000 km²	223.67	227.92	231.10	208.48	225.09	AFI
• Number of Agents per 1,000 km <sup>2</sup>	31.45	42.01	45.94	52.65	57.60	AFI
3.1 Number of mobile financial services access points per 10,000 adults	0.41	2.98	7.49	9.26	9.74	PIRI
3.1a Number of MM Agents per 10,000 adults - AUA region	n/a	n/a	n/a	13.15	17.13	
3.1b Number of MM Agents per 10,000 adults - NWU region	n/a	n/a	n/a	6.96	8.30	
3.1c Number of MM Agents per 10,000 adults - ROU region	n/a	n/a	n/a	9.46	6.31	
3.1d Number of MM Agents per 10,000 adults - SAV region	n/a	n/a	n/a	9.23	8.86	
3.3 Number of mobile financial services accounts/mobile wallet accounts per 10,000 adults	4148.22	4117.85	4630.70	4407.58	4556.12	PIRI
3.5 Percentage of banks offering mobile banking, such as checking one's balance from a mobile phone	50%	75%	75%	75%	75%	PIRI
3.6 Percentage of banks offering mobile financial services, including transfer of e-money	50%	75%	75%	75%	75%	PIRI
4.6. Average number of identification documents required to open a basic bank account	2	2	2	2	2	PIRI

Indicators informed b	2015	Measurement Framework	
	Bank Branch	\$2.2 USD (WST 5.00)	PIRI
4.3. Average cost of traveling to the nearest access point (public transit fee or gas costs), converted to USD*	ATM	\$2.9 USD (WST 6.50)	PIRI
	Bank Agent	\$2.1 USD (WST 4.80)	PIRI
	Mobile Money Agent	\$2.5 USD (WST 5.7)	PIRI
	Bank Branch	44.8 min	
4.4. Average time of traveling to the	ATM	23.7 min	PIRI
nearest access point in minutes	Bank Agent	14 min	PINI
	Mobile Money Agent	24.6 min	
4.5. Average time waiting to be served when o	2.6 hrs.	PIRI	
4.7. Percentage of adults reporting that they documents required to open a basic account	5%	PIRI	
5.3. Percent of adults with at least one type of	39%	PIRI	
5.4. Percent of adults with at least one type of	regulated credit account	13.4%	PIRI
5.5. Percent of adults with at least one regulate	ed financial product	39%	PIRI
5.6. Percent of people with an active deposit a withdrawal in the last 90 days	ccount- have had any deposit or	34.9%	PIRI
5.7. Percentage of adults earning below US \$2	25.6%	PIRI	
6.2. Percentage of adults who have sent mone	0.7%	PIRI	
6.3. Percent of adults who have received mone money in the last 12 months	2.71%	PIRI	
7.1. Percent of adult women with an active departments held by women	35.1%	PIRI	

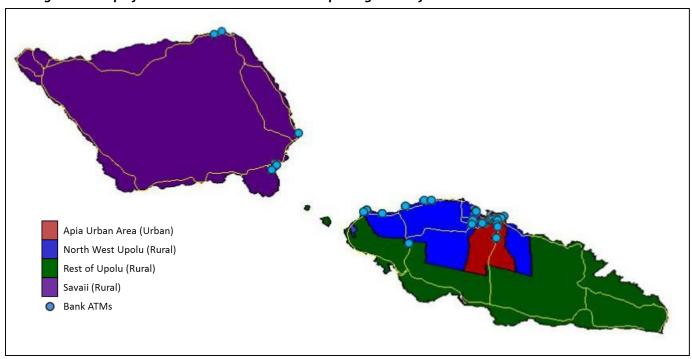
<sup>12</sup> These indicators were informed after conducting the Financial Demand Side Survey in March 2015 and reports for the previous 12 months, i.e, March 2014 to March 2015

## Annex 3

# **Mappings of Financial Inclusion Access Points by Region**

Apia Urban Area (Urban)
North West Upolu (Rural)
Savaii (Rural)
Bank Branches

Figure 6: Map of Samoa: All ATM Access Points per region as of 31st December 2020



Apia Urban Area (Urban) North West Upolu (Rural) Rest of Upolu (Rural) Savaii (Rural) Cash-in & Cash-out Bank Agents

Figure 7: Map of Samoa: Cash-in & Cash-out Bank Agents Access Points per region as of 31st Dec 2020

